

Code Version Release Date SDS_OSB_en_US 7 08-03-2023

Safety Data Sheet

EGGER OSB

According to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

This Product is not hazardous in the form in which it is shipped by the manufacturer, but may become hazardous by dust generating downstream activities (e.g. grinding, sanding, cutting or pulverizing)

Section 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and the company/undertaking

1.1 Product Identifier

Trade name EGGER OSB (Oriented Strand Board)

EGGER OSB 4 TOP, EGGER OSB 3, EGGER OSB 3 E0, EGGER OSB 2, EGGER Ergo Board, EGGER OSB HDX, EGGER Roofing Board, EGGER OSB

3 JAS TOP, EGGER OSB PS2, EGGER OSB EXP 1 PS 2

EGGER OS'Brace®. EGGER OS'Floor TM

Product description EGGER OSB boards are multilayer boards with a three-layer structure, which are

approved for load-bearing construction

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use Construction processes

1.3 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Manufacturer/Supplier/Importer EGGER Holzwerkstoffe Wismar GmbH & Co. KG

Am Haffeld 1, 23970 Wismar (DE)

SC EGGER România SRL

Str. Austriei 2, PO BOX 38, 725400 Radauti (RO)

Regional Support Centre EGGER Wood Products LLC(US)

P.O. Box 907

Lexington, NC 27293 T+1-800-940-9633

Additional Information environment@egger.com

1.4 Emergency phone number

1-800-424-9300 / +1 703-527-3887 (Chemtrec)

Section 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

OSHA HCS 2012 This product is generally an article and not hazardous, but is regulated under

OSHA for the release of wood dust during downstream activities, like grinding, sanding, cutting and sawing. The free formaldehyde levels are below OSHA reporting requirements. The classifications below are based upon wood dust:

Skin Irritation 2 Skin Sensitization 1 Eye Mild Irritation 2B Respiratory Sensitization 1

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2: Respiratory Tract Irritation

Carcinogenicity 1A Combustible Dust

2.2 Label elements

Labelling according to paragraph (f) 1910.1200; OSHA29 CFR

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Hazard pictograms





Signal word DANGER

Hazard statements May form combustible dust concentrations in air

H315 Causes skin irritation

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction

H320 Causes eye irritation

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 May cause respiratory irritation H350 May cause cancer (inhalation)

H373 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

(inhalation)

Precautionary statements P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no smoking

P260 Do not breathe dust

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection

P302+P352+P305+P351+P338 On contact: Wash thoroughly with water P308+P337+P314+P340+ P264 If exposed or concerned: Get medical

advice/attention if you feel unwell, move to fresh air

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT Not applicable vPvB Not applicable

OSHA HCS 2012 This product is not considered hazardous under the U.S. OSHA 29 CFR

1910.1200 Hazard Communication Standard in the form in which it is shipped, but may become hazardous by wood dust generating downstream activities (e.g.

grinding, sanding, cutting or pulverizing).

NFPA Health=1, Flammability=1, Reactivity=0, Special Information=None

HMIS Health=1*, Flammability=1, Reactivity=0, PFE=E

*Chronic Health Hazard

E=Safety glasses, gloves, and a dust respirator

Section 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Chemical characterization: Mixtures (article)

Description The products are composed of wood and cured resins (polymer). See Section 8 for

exposure limits discussion.

*Wood contains trace amounts of various chemicals present in the environment, which are absorbed by trees through natural growth. A comprehensive listing of species is available upon request.

CALIFORNIA RESIDENTS:

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including formaldehyde, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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Section 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information No special measures required regarding the product in the form it is shipped,

downstream activities like cutting, sawing or grinding can generate dust. To avoid health hazards while these downstream activities, take note of the following

measures:

Inhalation If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing.

Skin Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. After

contact with the molten product, cool rapidly with cold water

Eye Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical

advice/attention.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if you feel unwell and

contact a poison control center or medical professional.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to Section 11 – Toxicological Information

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available

Section 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use firefighting measures that suit the environment

Water

Fire-extinguishing powder

Carbon dioxide

Foam

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

OSB is a Class A combustible material. If involved in a fire, product will burn.

OSB is not an explosion hazard. Sawing, sanding, or machining OSB can result in the by-product wood dust. Wood dust may present a strong to severe explosion hazard if a dust cloud contacts an ignition source.

Airborne concentrations of 15 grams per cubic meter are often used as the lower explosive limit (LEL) for wood dusts.

OSHA interprets the explosive level as having no visibility within five feet or less.

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In case of fire, the following gases can be released:

Carbon dioxide (CO2), Carbon monoxide (CO), Oxides of Nitrogen and other hazardous gases and particles

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Protective equipment Mouth respiratory protective device

Additional information Prevent formation of dust

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated firefighting water in accordance with official regulations.

Section 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions Do not breathe dust.

Emergency Procedures No emergency procedures are expected to be necessary if material is used

under ordinary conditions as recommended.

6.2 Environment precautions

No special measures required

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Not applicable for product in purchased form. Dust generated from sawing, sanding, drilling or routing this product may be vacuumed or shoveled for recovery or disposal. Wood dust clean-up and disposal activities should be accomplished in a manner to minimize of airborne dust.

Dispose of the material collected according to regulations

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling

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See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment See Section 13 for disposal information

Section 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use good safety and industrial hygiene practices. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces. Wear a respiratory mask if using hand tools without a dust extraction device. Observe all liability insurance association regulations for commercial processing operations (e.g. safety goggles).

Information on protection against explosions and fires:

Avoid formation of dust

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

No special precautions for handling product. Use good safety and industrial hygiene practices. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Routine housekeeping should be instituted to ensure that dusts do not accumulate on surfaces.

Keep away from ignition sources

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No further relevant information available

Section 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Wood dust needs to be controlled while cutting, sawing, drilling or other dust generating processes are performed.

8.2 Exposure controls

	Result	ACGIH 2007	NIOSH	OSHA	
Wood dust	TWAs	1mg/m³ TWA	1mg/m³ TWA	15mg/m³, total	
		As Wood dust , all soft	As Wood dust, all soft and	dust(5mg/m³, respirable	
		and hard woods	hard woods	fraction)	
				(as nuisance dust)	
Formaldehyde	TWAs	0.3ppm TLV	0.016ppm TWA, 0.1ppm	0.75ppm TWA, 2ppm	
(50-00-0)			Ceiling (15 minutes)	STEL, 0.5ppm action	
				level	

Engineering measures/ controls

Adequate ventilation systems as needed to control concentrations of airborne contaminants below applicable threshold limit values. Due to the explosive potential of wood dust when suspended in air, precautions should be taken during sanding, sawing or machining of wood products to prevent sparks or other ignition sources in ventilation equipment. Use of totally enclosed motors is recommended.

Personal Protective Equipment Pictograms



III S



Respiratory

Eye/Face Hands Skin/Body

General Industrial Hygiene Considerations

Use of a NIOSH/MSHA approved dust respirator is recommended where airborne dust levels exceed appropriate PELs and TLVs Wear safety glasses

Wear protective gloves Rubberized cloth, canvas or leather gloves Wear long sleeves and/or protective coveralls.

Practice good housekeeping and avoid creating/breathing dust. Do not allow dust to collect. Maintain, clean, and fit test respirators I



accordance with OSHA regulations. **Environmental Exposure Controls** No data available

Section 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	solid	Evaporation rate	Not relevant
Color	differs	Partitions coefficient	Not relevant
Flammability	D, do, s2 (EN13986)	Autoignition	No data available
Odor	No distinctive odor	Decomposition temperature	No data available
Vapor Pressure	Not relevant	Viscosity	No data available
Odor threshold	Not relevant	Burning time	No data available
Vapor density	No data available	Density	>=600kg/m ³
рН	Not relevant	Oxidizing properties	No data available
Relative density	Not relevant	Explosive limits	No data available
Melting point	Not relevant	Flash point	Not relevant
Freezing point	Not relevant	Boiling point	Not relevant
Solubility	Not soluble in water		

9.2 Other information

No further relevant information available.

Section 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

The product is not reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions

Conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used according to specifications

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Exposure to water, ignition source, high relative humidity and high temperature

10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible Materials: acids(strong), Oxidizers(strong)

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition may occur thermal and/or thermal oxidative decomposition can produce irritating and toxic fumes and gases.

Section 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Other Material	Not applicable for product in	purchased from. Individual c	omponent information is provided

below if available

Components Formaldehyde 50-00-0 Acute Toxicity: Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 >200mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LD50

	0.578mg/l/4h	
GHS Properties	Classification	
Acute toxicity	OSHA HCS 2012 – Acute Toxicity – Data lacking (Oral, dermal, inhalation)	
Aspiration hazard	OSHA HCS 2012 – Data lacking	
Carcinogenicity	OSHA HCS 2012 Carcinogenicity 1A	
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MORE FROM WOOD.



OSHA HCS 2012 – Data lacking Germ Cell Mutagenicity Skin corrosion/Irritation OSHA HCS 2012 - Skin Irritation 2 OSHA HCS 2012 – Skin Sensitizer1 Skin sensitization

STOT-RE OSHA HCS 2012 – Specific target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2

STOT-SE OSHA HCS 2012 – Specific target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure 3: respiratory Tract Irritation

OSHA HCS 2012 – Data lacking Toxicity for Reproduction

Respiratory sensitization OSHA HCS 2012 – Respiratory Sensitizer 1 Serious eye damage/Irritation OSHA HCS 2012 – Eye Mild Irritation 2B

Target Organs Skin/dermal. Lungs, Respiratory System

Route(s) of entry/exposure

Inhalation, Skin, eye **Medical Conditions**

Aggravated by Exposure

Dusts may aggravate asthma or other respiratory disorders.

Potential Health Effects

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs include:

Inhalation

Acute(Immediate) May cause respiratory irritation

Chronic (Delayed) Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause cancer. Repeated and prolonged exposure

may cause sensitization of the respiratory system.

Skin

Acute(Immediate) May cause irritation

Chronic(Delayed) Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause sensitization

Eve

Acute (Immediate) May cause irritation Chronic(Delayed) No data available

Ingestion

Acute(Immediate) Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected. Chronic(Delayed) Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

Carcinogenic Effects

Carcinogenic Effects Wood dust is listed by NTP known to be a Human Carcinogen(10th Report), IARC

Monographs: Wood dust, group 1 – IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans; sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity. This classification is primarily baes on studies showing an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and adenocarcinoma of the nasal cavities and paranasal sinuses. IARC di d not find sufficient evidence of an association between occupational exposure to wood dust and cancers of the hypopharynx, oropharynx,

lymphatic and hematopoietic systems, lungs, stomach, colon or rectum.

	CAS	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Wood dust as Wood dust, all soft	Not Available	Not listed	Group 1 – Carcinogenic	Known Human
and hard woods				Carcinogen
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	Specifically Regulated	Group 1 – Carcinogenic	Known Human
		Carcinogen		Carcinogen

Section 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Formaldehyde: EC50 5.8mg/l/48h (Daphnia magna) Not applicable for particleboard/MDF

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No further relevant information available

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Formaldehyde: log POw: 0.35

Not applicable for particleboard/MDF

12.4 Mobility in soil

No further relevant information available

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General notes Generally not hazardous for water

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT Not applicable Other adverse effects Not applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects

No further relevant information available

Section 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Recommendation Disposal according to local regulations

Uncleaned packaging Dispose of packaging according to regulations on the disposal of packaging

recommendations

Section 14: Transport information

14.1 UN-number

ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA Void

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA Void

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ASR, ADN, IMDG, IATA class Void

14.4 Packing group

ADR, IMDG, IATA Void

14.5 Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6 Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable

UN "Model Regulation"

Void

Section 15: Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

NPCA-HMIS® III

141 0/ () 111/1100 111		
Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure (dust)
Health	0	No significant risk to health
Flammability	1	Material that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur
Physical Hazard	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

NFPA® 704

NFPA® 704		
Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	1	Material that require considerable preheating, under all ambient temperature conditions, before ignition and combustion can occur
Health	0	Material that, under emergency conditions, would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible material
Instability Special hazard	0	Material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions

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SARA Hazard Classifications Inventory		Acute, Chronic			
Component	CAS	Canada DSI	L	TSCA	
EGGER OSB Not applicable		Not listed. All components are on the Canada DSL or are excluded from listing or below de minimis reporting		Not listed. All components are on the TSCA inventory or are excluded from listing or below de minimis reporting	
Canada – WHMIS – Classi EGGER OSB and ingredier Formaldehyde Canada – WHMIS – Ingred EGGER OSB and ingredier Formaldehyde	nts(unless listed below) ient Disclosure List	N/A 50-00-0 N/A 50-00-0	Not listed B1, D1A, D2A, Not listed 0.1% (concentre Minimis)	D2B ation in product is below de	
U.SOSHA – Process Safety Management – Highly haze EGGER OSB and ingredients (unless listed below) Formaldehyde Environment U.S. – CERCLA – Hazardous Substances EGGER OSB and ingredients (unless listed below) Formaldehyde U.S. – CERCLA/SARA – Section 304 EHS RQ EGGER OSB and ingredients (unless listed below) Formaldehyde U.S. – EPCRA – Section 302 (EHS) TPQ EGGER OSB and ingredients (unless listed below) Formaldehyde U.S. – EPCRA – Section 313 – Toxic Chemicals EGGER OSB and ingredients (unless listed below) Formaldehyde		N/A 50-00-0 N/A 50-00-0 N/A 50-00-0 N/A 50-00-0 N/A 50-00-0	Not listed 1000lb TQ Not listed 100lb final RQ Not listed 100lb EPCRA RQ Not listed 500lb TPQ Not listed 0.1% (concentration in product is below de Minimis)		
United States – California Environment U.S. – California – Proposition 65 – Carcinogens List EGGER OSB and ingredients(unless listed below) Formaldehyde Wood dust as Wood dust, all soft and hard woods 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment A Chemical Safety Assessment has not been carried out		N/A 50-00-0 N/A	Not listed carcinogen, NS carcinogen	RL 40μg/day	

Section 16: Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge and comes from sources believed to be accurate or otherwise technically correct. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

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